



Province of the
EASTERN CAPE
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 12

SEPTEMBER 2021

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1
MARKING GUIDELINE**

MARKS:

Symbol	Explanation
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT/RG/RM	Reading from a table/Reading from a graph/Reading from a map
F	Choosing the correct formula
SF	Substitution in a formula
J	Justification
P	Penalty, e.g., for no units, incorrect rounding off etc.
R	Rounding Off/Reason
AO	Answer only
NPR	No penalty for rounding

This marking guideline consists of 13 pages.

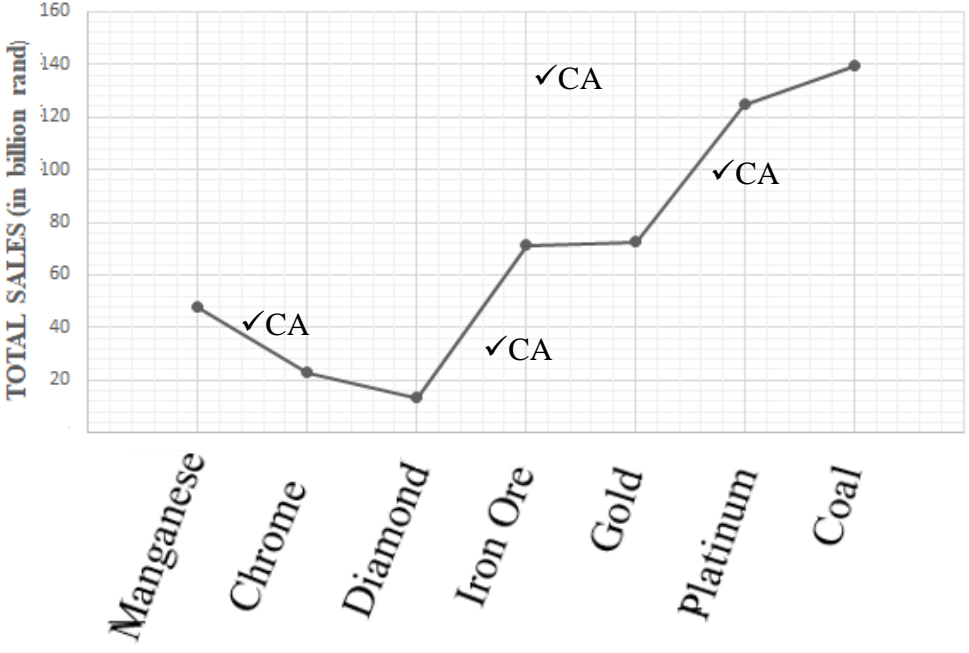
QUESTION 1 [30 MARKS]			
Ques	Solution	Explanation AO: FULL MARKS	T&L
1.1.1	Deposit as % of lay-by price = $\frac{1200}{4800} \times 100\%$ ✓M = 25% ✓CA	1M percentage calculation 1CA answer (2)	F L1
1.1.2	Months = $\frac{3\,600}{400}$ ✓A ✓M = 9 months ✓CA	1A identifying use of R3 600 1M divide by 400 1CA number of months (3)	F L1
1.1.3	Balance = R3 600 – (R400 × 7) ✓M = R800,00 ✓CA OR Balance of months = 2 Amount = 2 × 400 ✓M = R800 ✓A	1M for subtracting 7 instalments from R3 600 1CA answer 1M method for multiplying 2 months by instalments 1A answer (2)	F L1
1.2.1	Cost price = R60 + R45 + R5 ✓M = R110 ✓A	1M adding correct values 1A answer (2)	F L1
1.2.2	Profit = R176 – R110 ✓M = R66,00 ✓A	1M subtracting cost price from selling price 1A correct amount (2)	F L1
1.2.3	Income (Rands) = R176n , where n stands for the number of t-shirts sold. ✓✓RT	2RT for the R176n (2)	F L1
1.2.4	Cash discount = $\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{176}{1}$ ✓MA = R26,40 ✓S = R27,00 OR R26,00 ✓R	1MA discounted percentage calculation 1S simplification 1R rounding to the nearest Rand. (3)	F L1

Ques	Solution	Explanation	T&L
1.3.1	$\text{Cost of a dozen} = \frac{110}{60} \times 12 \quad \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= \text{R}22,00 \quad \checkmark \text{A}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> $\text{Dozens} = \frac{60}{12}$ $= 5 \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $\text{Cost price of a dozen} = \frac{110}{5}$ $= \text{R}22 \quad \checkmark \text{MA}$	<p>1MA divide by 60 and multiply by 12 1A dozen cost</p> <p>1M divide by 12 to get number of dozens.</p> <p>1MA cost of a dozen answer (2)</p>	F L1
1.3.2	$\text{Profit} = \text{R}125 - \text{R}110$ $= \text{R}15 \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $\text{Average profit per egg} = \frac{\text{R}15}{60} \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $= \text{R}0,25 \quad \checkmark \text{A}$	<p>1M profit calculation</p> <p>1M average calculation $\frac{15}{60}$ 1A answer (Accept 25 cents). (3)</p>	F L1
1.4.1	<p><u>Total population in 2001</u>(44 819 778): $\checkmark \checkmark \text{A}$ Forty-four million, eight hundred and nineteen thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight.</p>	<p>2A correct value in words (2)</p>	D L1
1.4.2	$\text{Increase in total population} = 51\,770\,560 - 40\,583\,573 \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $= 11\,186\,987 \quad \checkmark \text{CA}$	<p>1M subtraction correct values 1CA answer (2)</p>	D L1
1.4.3	<p>Difference in population between KZN and NC in 1996 $\checkmark \text{RT}$</p> $= 8\,572\,302 - 1\,011\,864 \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $= 7\,560\,438 \quad \checkmark \text{CA}$	<p>1RT correct values 1M subtraction 1CA difference (3)</p>	D L1
1.4.4	<p>Northern Cape $\checkmark \checkmark \text{RT}$</p>	<p>2RT correct province (2)</p>	D L1
		[30]	

QUESTION 2 [31 MARKS] FINANCE			
Ques	Solution	Explanation/Marks AO: FULL MARKS	T/L
2.1.1	Amoti: Dan = 3 : 5 [8 shares] Dan invested = $\frac{3}{8} \times 16\ 000$ ✓MA = R6 000 ✓CA	1MA $\frac{3}{8}$ of the investment. 1CA Dan's amount (2)	F L2
2.1.2	Dan's share of profit = $\frac{3}{8} \times 2\ 880$ ✓M = R1 080,00 ✓CA	1M fraction of the profit 1CA Simplification Dan's share of profit (2)	F L1
2.1.3	Amoti's interest: R2880 – R1080 = R1800 ✓MA Mary's interest: 1 st year = $\frac{108,5}{100} \times 10\ 000$ = R10 850,00 ✓MA 2 nd year = $\frac{108,5}{100} \times 10\ 850$ = R11 772,25 ✓MA Total interest in 2 years = R11 772,25 – 10 000 ✓M = R1 772,25 ✓CA Amoti had better investment by R27,75. ✓J <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> Amoti's investment = $\frac{16\ 000}{8} \times 5$ = R10 000 ✓A \checkmark M Return on investment = $\frac{1\ 800}{10\ 000} \times 100\%$ Interest in 2 years = 18% ✓S Mary's return in two years = $[(1,085 \times 1,085) - 1] \times 100$ = 17,7225% ✓M Difference is 18% – 17,7225% = 0,2775% ✓A Earnings in favour of Amoti ✓J	1MA Amoti's interest 1MA Mary's amount at end of 1 st year. 1MA Mary's amount in 2 nd year 1M subtracting from R10 000 1CA interest 1J better in favour of Amoti <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> 1A investment amount 1M return on interest in 2 years R1 800 1S simplification for interest in 2 years for Amoti 1M interest rate in 2 years 1A difference in interest amounts. 1J Amoti had better investment (6)	F L4

Ques	Solution	Explanation	T&L
2.2.1	R147,74 ✓✓RT	2RT correct amount (2)	F L1
2.2.2	Block 1: Cost $550 \times 124,49 = 68\,469,5$ cents ✓M = R 684,70 ✓C Block 2: Cost $140 \times 141,43 = 19\,800,2$ cents = R198,00 ✓A Total Cost = R684,70 + R198,00 + R147,74 + 435,24 ✓M = R1 465,68 ✓CA	1M cost of 550 kWh 1C conversion cents to Rands 1A cost of 140 kWh 1M adding the values 1CA total answer (5)	F L3
2.2.3	VAT amount included = $\frac{15}{115} \times R1\,465,68$ ✓M = R191,18 ✓CA OR VAT exclusive amount = $R1\,465,68 \div 1,15$ ✓M = R1 274,50 ✓CA VAT amount = $R1\,465,68 - R1\,274,50$ = R191,18 ✓CA	CA from 2.2.2 1M for the fraction 1M multiplication 1CA simplification and Ans. (concept of money) 1M dividing by 1,15 1CA VAT exclusive amount 1CA VAT amount (3)	F L2
2.3.1	12 Months ✓✓RT	2RT correct months (2)	F L1
2.3.2	Total income = $R101\,677 + R91\,785 + R453\,000$ = R646 462 ✓M Total expenses = $114\,859 + 123\,567 + 14\,600 + 23\,982 + 3\,679 + 1\,650 + 1\,080 + 146\,912 + 17\,244 + 43\,432 + 12\,456 + 23\,678$ ✓M = R527 139 ✓CA Difference = Income – Expenses = $R646\,462 - R527\,139$ ✓M = R119 323 ✓CA It is a surplus ✓J	1M finding total income 1M addition 1CA total expenses 1M subtraction 1CA difference J justification (6)	F L3
2.3.3	Monthly charges = $\frac{1080}{12}$ ✓RT ✓M = R90 ✓CA	1RT yearly charges 1M divide by 12 1CA monthly charge (3)	F L2
		[31]	

QUESTION 3 [29 MARKS]			
Ques	Solution	Explanation	T&L
3.1	Gold ✓ ✓RT	2RT correct mineral (2)	D L1
3.2	Median (Total sales): ✓A ✓M 13,3 ; 22,8 ; 47,6 ; 71,4 ; 72,6 ; 124,6 ; 139,3 = R71,4 billion rand ✓A OR = 71 400 000 000	1M arranging in order 1A middle value 1A answer in actual value format (3)	D L2
3.3	Q1 = 22,8 ✓M Q2 = 71,4 Q3 = 124,6 ✓M IQR = 124,6 – 22,8 ✓M = 101,8 billion rand ✓S Therefore, IQR is greater than 101 billion ✓J	1M for Q1 1M for Q3 1M subtraction Q3 – Q1 1S simplification 1J answer (5)	D L3
3.4	Mean = 10 846 + 19 693 + 15 728 + 19 092 + 95 130 + 164 513 + 92 230 ✓M = 417 232 ÷ 7 ✓M = 59 604,57 ✓S = 60 000 ✓R	1M adding all values 1M total divide by 7/concept of mean 1S simplification 1R rounding (4)	D L2
3.5	Modal value = 2,1 billion ✓M = 2 100 000 000 ✓CA	1M value of modal value 1CA value in number format (2)	D L2

Ques	Solution	Explanation	T&L
3.6	$802\ 000\ 000 + 362\ 000\ 000 + 2\ 100\ 000\ 000 + 288\ 000\ 000 + 1\ 120\ 000\ 000 + 2\ 100\ 000\ 000 = 6\ 772\ 000\ 000 \checkmark M$ $= \frac{288\ 000\ 000}{6\ 772\ 000\ 000} \times 100\% \checkmark M$ $= 4,25\% \checkmark CA$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> $0,802 + 0,362 + 2,1 + 0,288 + 1,12 + 2,1 = 6,772 \text{ billion } \checkmark MA$ $\% \text{ for Gold} = \frac{0,288}{6,772} \times 100\% \checkmark M$ $= 4,25\% \checkmark A$	1MA finding total royalties 1M percentage calculation 1CA correct % 1MA finding total royalties 1M percentage calculation 1A correct %	D L2 (3)
3.7	$P = \frac{3}{7} \times 100\% \checkmark A \quad \checkmark M$ $= 42,86\% \quad \checkmark CA$	1A numerator 1M percentage calculation 1CA % NPR	P L2 (3)
3.8	<p style="text-align: center;">TOTAL SALES OF METALS AND MINERALS (in billion rand)</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">METALS AND MINERALS</p> <p>First 2 minerals/metals correctly plotted; 1CA Any other 2 minerals correctly plotted: 1CA Any other 2 minerals correctly plotted: 1CA Joining the points: 1CA</p>		D L2 (4)

3.9	$\begin{aligned} \text{Difference} &= 70,5 \text{ million tons} - 101,3 \text{ tons} \quad \checkmark \text{RT} \\ &= 70\,500\,000 - 101,3 \quad \checkmark \text{M} \\ &= 70\,499\,898,7 \text{ tons} \quad \checkmark \text{CA} \end{aligned}$	1RT correct values 1M subtraction of correct values 1CA difference (3)	D L2
		[29]	

QUESTION 4:[32 MARKS] FINANCE			
Ques.	Solution	Explanation/Marks	T&L
4.1.1	Option 1: B ✓RT Option 2: A ✓RT A: Option 2 ✓RT B: Option 1 ✓RT <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p>	1RT correct option 1RT correct option <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>	F L2
4.1.2	Breakeven point is where the income under option 1 is equal to the income under option 2. ✓✓A	2A explanation <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>	F L1
4.1.3	<u>Use of calculations</u> Option 1: $\text{Income} = R20 \times 12 \quad \checkmark\text{SF}$ $= R240 \quad \checkmark\text{S}$ Option 2. $\text{Income} = R200 + (10 \times 12) \quad \checkmark\text{SF}$ $= R320 \quad \checkmark\text{S}$ Difference = $R320 - R240 = R80 \quad \checkmark\text{MA}$ Statement was correct he would have earned less R80 ✓J <p>OR From Graph</p> <p>Option 1 Income = R240 ✓✓RT</p> <p>Option 2 Income = R320 ✓✓RT</p> Difference = $R320 - R240 = R80 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ Statement was correct he would have earned less R80 ✓J	1SF substitution in formula 1S value for income for the day under option 1 1SF substitution in formula 1S value for income for the day under option 2 1MA finding the difference 1J Justification 2RT value of income form graph option1 2RT value of income form graph option 2 1CA finding the difference 1J Justification <p style="text-align: right;">(6)</p>	F L4

Ques,	Solution	Explanation/Marks	T&L
4.2.1	Average Inflation rate because it involves an increase of different goods over a period of time. ✓✓O	2O Reasoning (2)	F L1
4.2.2	<p style="text-align: center;">✓RT</p> Inflation rate decreased from 2016 to 2017 and prices of goods increased at a lower rate. ✓O <p style="text-align: center;">✓RT</p> Inflation rate increased from 2017 to 2019 and prices of goods increased at a higher rate. ✓O	1RT rate decreased from 2016 to 2017 1O prices of goods increase at lower rate 1RT rate increased from 2017 to 2019 1O prices of goods increases slightly faster (4)	F L4
4.2.3	New price = old price × (100% + Inflation rate%) <p style="text-align: center;">✓SF</p> $R5356 = \text{price in 2017} \times (100\% + 5,94\%)$ $\text{Price in 2017} = \frac{5356}{1.0594} \quad \checkmark M$ $= R 5 055,69 \quad \checkmark S$ <p style="text-align: center;">✓SF</p> $\text{Price in 2019} = 5356 \times (100\% + 8,63\%)$ $= R5 818,22 \quad \checkmark S$ $\text{Difference} = R5 818,22 - R5 055,69 \quad \checkmark M$ $= R762,53 \quad \checkmark CA$	1SF substitution 1M changing subject of the formula 1S simplification 1SF substitution 1S simplification 1M subtraction 1CA answer (7)	F L3

Ques.	Solution	Explanation/Marks	T&L
4.3.1	Nigeria ✓✓RT	2RT correct answer (2)	D L2
4.3.2	Closest in May 2020 and March 2021 ✓RT ✓RT	1RT correct month and year 1RT correct month and year (2)	D L2
4.3.3	(a) Trend: Nigeria's CPI increases steadily from CPI of about 12,2 in April 2020 to CPI of about 18,0 in March 2021. ✓✓J	2J increasing from April 2020 to May 2021. (2)	D L4
	(b) Trend for South Africa: Decreased from March 2020 to May, remained steady May to June 2020, and increased from June to July 2020. ✓J ✓J ✓J	1J decreasing from March to May 1J remaining steady May to June 1J increasing from June to July. (3)	D L4
		[32]	

QUESTION 5: [28 MARKS] FINANCE; DATA HANDLING AND PROBABILITY			
Ques	Solution	Explanation	T&L
5.1.1	<p>Basic annual salary = $R27\ 678 \times 12$ ✓M = $R332\ 136$ ✓CA</p> <p>Taxable Income = $R332\ 136 - (7,5\% \text{ of } 332\ 136)$ ✓M = $R332\ 136 - 24\ 910,20$ = $R307\ 225,80$ ✓S</p> <p>Annual tax before rebates. = $37\ 062 + 26\% \text{ of taxable income above } 205\ 900$ = $37\ 062 + 26\% \times (307\ 225,80 - 205\ 900)$ ✓SF = $R63\ 406,50$ or $R63\ 406,71$ ✓CA</p> <p>Annual tax after rebates = $R63\ 406,50 - 14\ 958$ = $R48\ 448,50$ ✓MA</p> <p>Monthly tax after rebates = $\frac{48\ 448,50}{12}$ ✓MA = $R4\ 037,38$</p>	<p>1M multiply by 12 1CA annual salary</p> <p>1M calculating income taxable. 1S simplification</p> <p>1SF correct bracket 1CA annual tax</p> <p>1MA finding tax after rebates 1MA finding monthly tax NPR</p> <p>(8)</p>	F L3
5.1.2	<p>Monthly pension = $24\ 910,20 \div 12$ = $R2\ 075,85$ ✓M</p> <p>$R27\ 678 - (4\ 037,38 + 2\ 075,85 + 106,00 + 585,64)$ ✓M = $R27\ 678 - (6\ 804,87)$ ✓S</p> <p>= $R20\ 873,13$ ✓CA</p>	<p>1M monthly pension 1M subtraction of total deductions 1S simplification 1CA answer NPR</p> <p>(4)</p>	F L2

Ques.	Solution	Explanation	T&L
5.2.1	<p style="text-align: right;">✓ RT</p> <p>Mary: age 16 years and BMI = 29 from graph gives 95% percentile</p> <p>Jolly: age 18 years and BMI = 30 from graph gives about 93% percentile. ✓ RT</p> <p>Checking from the status: Mary is overweight ✓ RT Jolly is at risk of overweight. ✓ RT Both wrong. ✓ J</p>	<p>1RT reading from the growth chart</p> <p>1RT reading from the growth chart</p> <p>1RT reading status table</p> <p>1RT reading from status table</p> <p>1J justification.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p>	D L4
5.2.2	<p>From the Growth chart: 19 years and 35% give BMI = 26 ✓✓RT</p> <p>Mary now at 16 years with at BMI = 29 She must lose = 29 – 26 ✓ M = 3 ✓ CA</p>	<p>2RT using the 19 and 85% to get BMI = 26</p> <p>1M subtracting 26 from 29</p> <p>1CA answer.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>	D L4
5.3.1	<p style="text-align: right;">✓ M</p> <p>Total = 1 063 038 + 130 092 + 129 056 + 784 314 = 2 106 500 ✓ A</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p style="text-align: right;">✓ M</p> <p>Total = 757 105 + 1 349 395 = 2 106 500 ✓ A</p>	<p>1M adding all values</p> <p>1A correct answer</p> <p>1M adding all values</p> <p>1A correct answer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>	D L1
5.3.2	<p>Probability is the chances or likelihood of an event occurring. ✓✓ A</p>	<p>2A explanation</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>	P L1
5.3.3	<p style="text-align: right;">✓ A</p> $P_{\text{(Black African with a degree)}} = \frac{613\,820}{1\,349\,395} \quad \checkmark A$ <p style="text-align: right;">✓ A</p> <p style="text-align: center;">= 0,45 ✓ CA</p>	<p>1A numerator</p> <p>1A denominator</p> <p>1CA answer.</p> <p>NPR (3)</p>	P L2
		[28]	
TOTAL: 150			