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IGREYIDI 12

ISINDEBELE ILIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA (FAL)

IPHEPHA LESITHATHU (P3)

NOVEMBA 2016

IMEMORANDAMU

IMITLOMELO: 100

Imemorandum le inamakhasi ama-21.

ISIGABA A: AMATHEKSTHI WOKUZITLAMELA (AMA-ESEYI)

UMBUZO 1

1.1 **'Ngangingatjho bona ngizabe ngifike egreyidini letjhumi nambili'.**

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtloli ademba ngesehlakalo esithileko esakhe senzeka kuye, akhe wasibona senzeka komunyenofana acocelwa ngaso. Kuyenzeka kokhunye umtloli atbole i-eseyi ayisusele ehloko. Kuqakathekile ukobana nanyana umfundi ayisusela ehloko i-eseyakhe kube yi-eseyi ekholwekako. Ngokuvamileko umtloli we-eseyi ecocako usebenzisa isikhathi esidlulileko.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa le-eseyi:

- Isigaba esisingeniso kufanele simdose/silulubeze umfundi we-eseyi.
- I-eseyi ecocako kufanele ikholwakale nanyana kungeyokuzitlamela.
- I-eseyi ecocako kufanele itlolwe ibe sesikhathini esidlulileko.
- Umuntu otshwaya i-eseyi le kufanele alangazelele ukuzwa okulandelako bekube sekugcineni.
- Ukucoca okuyipumelelo kubonakalisa tjihatjhalazi imizwa efana neyokubona, yokuzwa, yokunambitha, yokuthintana nephunga.
- I-eseyi enesiphetho esingakajayeletki yihle kunaleylo enesiphetho esisepepeneneneni begodu esilindelekileko.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Ifundo emagreyidini aphasi.
- Ukungaphumeleli kamanye amagreyidi.
- Ukutlhoga iinsetjenziswa zefundo.
- Ukungazwisisi ezinye iimfundo.
- Ukufunda eenkolweni ezihlukahlukaneko.

Tjheja: I-eseyi le ingaba ngehlathululako godu

[50]

1.2 **I-eseyi Ecocako (Narrative)**

Ithekhnoloji isiqede nya isikhathi somndeni.

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtloli ademba ngesehlakalo esithileko esakhe senzeka kuye, akhe wasibona senzeka komunyenofana acocelwa ngaso. Kuyenzeka kokhunye umtloli atbole i-eseyi ayisusele ehloko. Kuqakathekile ukobana nanyana umfundi ayisusela ehloko i-eseyakhe kube yi-eseyi ekholwekako. Ngokuvamileko umtloli we-eseyi ecocako usebenzisa isikhathi esidlulileko.

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- I-eseyi enesiphetho esingakajayelevi yihle kunaleylo enesiphetho esisepepeneneneni begodu esilindelekileko.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Ukubukela khulu umabonakude.
- Ukungasakhulumi izinto eziqakathekileko nimndeni.
- Ukutlhoga isikhathi sokutjhejana.
- Ukungasavakatjhelani komindeni.
- Ukuhlala ucoca ngeensetjenziswa zethekhnoloji.

Tjheja: I-eseyi le ingaba ngehlathululako godu.

[50]

1.3 I-eseyi Ephikisako/Ehlangothilinye (Argumentative)

Ipolo yedorobheni ibulula.

I-eseyi ephikisako ifuna otlolako athome ngokukhetha ihlangothi esihlokweni atlola ngaso. Otlolako angakhetha ukuvumelana nesihlokonofana aphikisane naso. Umbono womtloli kumele ukhanye kusukela ekuthomeni bekube sekugcineni kwe-eseyakhe. I-eseyi le yethula lokho okusengqondweni yomtloli.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa le-eseyi:

- Otlolako kumele athome ngokuthi akhethe ihlangothi azokutlola ngalo.
- Otlolako kumele anikele amaphuzu amanengi anabe ukusekela imibonwakhe.
- Otlolako kumele ahlale emaphuzwini NOFANA aphikise isitatimende.
- Lomhlobo we-eseyi uphethe imibono yomtloli kwaphela ngalokho kumele uphakamise imibono eqinileko.
- Ilimi elinezwelomagama lingahle lithinte imizwa kodwana kumele libe nehloniph.
- Isiphetho kumele sibe sitatimende somtloli esinamandla, esikhanyako nesanelisako.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

Abavumelana nesihloko.

- Izinto zitholakala ngobuduze.
- Imisebenzi itholakala lula.
- Linkolo namayunesithi zitholakala ngobuduze.
- Limbhedlela namatlinigi zitholakala ngobuduze.
- Linkhwelo zihlala zikhona ngaso soke isikhathi.
- Umphakathi uthola iinsetjenziswa ezifaneleko.

Abaphikisana nesihloko.

- Ipilo yemadorobheni ifuna imali enengi.
- Omunye nomunye utjheje zakhe iindaba.
- Sikhohlwa amasiko wethu.
- Lindleko zeensetjenziswa zomphakathi ziyabiza.

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1.4 I-eseyi Ehlathululako (Descriptive)

Indlu yebhudango lami.

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtloli afuze ahlathulule ubujamo obuthileko, umuntu othilekonofana indawo ethileko. Njengombana nesihloko sitjho, kufanele umtloli we-eseyi le asebenzise amagama ahlathululako khudlwana. Ngale kwalokho, umtloli usebenzisa khulu ilimi elisesikhathini sanje.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa le-eseyi:

- Otlolako kufanele ayelele ekutheni akhethe isihloko asazi kuhle. Isizathu kukobana kuba budisi ukuhlathulula into onganalwazi elipheleleko ngayo.
- Otlolako kufanele akhethe ngokuyeleta amagama nobujamo bokukhuluma.
- Amagama asetjenziswa ngotlolako kufanele akhe isithombe esikhanya bha.
- Otlolako angasebenzisa iinthombe-ngqondo zokubona, zokurhogela, zokuzwa, zobumnandi nezokuthinta ukuze zimsize ukwenza akuhlathululako kukhanye bha.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Indawo lapho indlu izokwakhiwa khona.
- Iplani ekhethekileko yendlu.
- Inani lamakamura azokwakhiwa.
- Ubukhulu bendlu.
- Amagaratjhi wokuhlala iinkoloyi.
- Ithekhnoloji ezokusetjenziswa ngendlini.
- Ingaphandle elinengadi ekhethekileko.
- Idamu lokududa.

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1.5 I-eseyi Evezako/Eveza Imizwa Yomtloli (Reflective)

Ngiyazikhakhazisa ngokuba mSewula Afrika.

Le yi-eseyi lapho otlolako aba nombono bese unikela imizwakhe. I-eseyi le itjhegeza ibuyele emva esehlakalweni esakhe senzeka. Otlolako-ke kulapho abeka khona imibonwakhe ngokwenzakalako, abeke tjhatjhalazi okuhle neemphoso bese uthatha iinqunto ngokuthi ubona kufanele kwenziweni ukutjhugulula ubujamo balokho esikhathini esizako.

Umhlobo lo wendaba sivame ukuwubona emitlolweni ema-eseyi, la otlolako abeka umbonwakhe ngesihloko esithileko. Akutjho bonyana akutjhoko kuliqiniso kodwana ngilokho akucabangako ngabantu, ngesintunofana ngepilo nje.

Lokho akubekako kuhle kusekelwe ngamaqiniso ukuze kungamdonisi loyo ozokufunda i-eseyi leyo. I-eseyi enje ingaveza ukijiya kwengqondo yaloyo otlolako begodu abanengi bayithatha njengeqiniso lamambala.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa le-eseyi:

- I-eseyi evezako iveza imizwa yomtloli.
- Imizwa nokuthathuka kwehlizayo kudlala indima eqakatheke khulu e-eseyini le.
- Ihlangothi elikhulu le-eseyi lingaba ngelihlathululako. Ukuhlathululokhu kufanele kukhanye begodu kuveze imizwa nalokho okusengqondweni yaloyo otlolako.
- Imibono/Imicabango/Imizwa eveziweko kufanele yembule iqiniso nendima ethathwa ngotlolako.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Ubuzwe engingibo.
- Amasiko nobukghwari.
- Zikhakhazise ngelimi olikhulumako.
- Indlela ombatha ngayo.
- Ukungazitjhugululi umbala wesikhumba sakho.

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1.6 I-eseyi Emahlangothimabili/Emadonisako (Discursive)

Ubuhle nobumbi bokuba nomngani epilweni.

I-eseyi le ihlobene khulu ne-eseyi ephikisako. Okufanako kukobana kiyo yomibili imihlobo le otlolako ubeka imibonwakhe. Umehluko okhona kukobana e-eseyini emahlangothimabili otlolako kulindeleke kobana atlole ngemibono yomibili. Silindele kobana asivezele ubuhle nobumbi bento acoca ngayo.

Umtloli angafikelela esiphethweni esithileko ekugcineni kwe-eseyakhe kodwana imibono evumako nephikako kufanele yethulwe ngokulinganako endaben.

Umtlolo kumele uzwakale ungathathi hlangothi. Kumele kuvezwe iintatimende ezizwakala kuhle. Lapha otlolako uveza ubuhle nobumbi bento ethileko anikelwe yona esihlokweni, kufanele anikele amaphuzu avumelana nesihloko nalawo aphikisana naso.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

UbuHle

- Umngani ukusekela lapho ubuthakathaka khona.
- Nibambisana ekwenzeni izinto.
- Nifundisana izinto ezinengi epilweni.
- Umngani ukubuyisa endeleni nasele uphambuka.

Ubumbi

- Umngani kesinye isikhathi uyakumonakalela.
- Angalawula ipilwakho.
- Akafuni bona umdlule ngepumelelo.
- Uthokozela ukwehluleka kwakho.
- Uveza iimfihlo zakho.

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1.7 1.7.1 Kilesithombe umfundi angatlola i-eseyi ecocako nanyana ehlathululako. Otshwayako uyeleliswa bona atjheje umhlobo we-eseyi evezwa ngotlolako. Utshwaya ngokulandela amaphuzu alindeleke ngaphasi kwalowo mhlobo we-eseyi ngokuqala kilo mhlahlandela.

Kilesithombe kubonakala kunabafundi abathengisako ngelanga lemakethe esikolweni.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** okulandelako:

- Ukuqakatheka kokufunda ngokuphatha ibhizinisi.
- Ukufunda ukubala imali.
- Ukufunda indlela yokuphatha abathengi.
- Ukufunda ukusebenzisana nabanye abantu.
- Abafundi bafunda ukubekezelana.

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1.7.2 Kilesithombe umfundi angatlola i-eseyi ecocako nanyana ehlathululako. Otshwayako uyeleliswa bona atjheje umhlobo we-eseyi evezwa ngotlolako. Utshwaya ngokulandela amaphuzu alindeleke ngaphasi kwalowo mhlobo we-eseyi ngokuqala kilo mhlahlandela.

Kilesisithombe kubonakala kunomntwana oqale idlhowubhu elikhanyako.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** okulandelako:

- Ukufanisa umkhanyo wedlhowubhu nekusasa lakho.
- Ukuhlela izinto ngokuzimisela.
- Ukungadlali ngamathuba.
- Ukwenza izinto ube nebonelo phambili lekusasa lakho.
- Izintoocabanga ukuzenza ukuze ufilelele amabhudangwakho.

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IMITLOMELO YESIGABA A: 50

ISIGABA B: AMATHEKSTHI AMADE WOKUTHINTANA

UMBUZO 2

2.1 INCWADI YABAKHULU

Incwadi yabakhulu/yomthetho.

Kilomhlobo wencwadi esiphanden iungasetjenzisa igama lenyanga yesiNdebele nofana **IesiNgisi elitlolwe ngokwesiNdebele** isib. Matjhi, Febherbari, Janabari njil. Oytlolako akukafaneli asebenzise ilimi lendleleni, okulilimi elingakavumeleki.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa incwadi yomthetho:

- Iba neemphande ezimbili, zitlolwe ngendlela ehle eyamukelekako. Isiphande sokuthoma siba ngesaloyo otlolako, begodu sitlolwa ngesandleni sokudla phezulu. Isiphande sotlolelwako asibi nelanga ekutlolwe ngalo incwadi.
- Itlolela umuntu othileko onesikhundla ebubulweni elithileko/ emNyngweni othileko. Ngalokho-ke otlolako kufanele atlola isikhundla saloyo amtlolelako ngaphambi kokutlola isiphande sesibili.
- Iba nesilotjhiso esingaphakamisi ibizo lomuntu kodwana esitlolwa ngalendlela: Nomzana/Kosikazi
- Otlolako kufanele atlola isihloko salokho atlola ngakho ngamagabhadlhela.
- Esingenisweni kufanele kutlolwe umnqopho/isizathu sokutlola leyo ncwadi.
- Iba nomzimba lapha otlolako acoca khona indabakhe.
- Iba nesilayeliso.
- Esiphethweni iyaveza bona ibuya kubani. Tlola amagamakho nofana iinthomo zamagamakho nesibongo bese uyayitlikitla.

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2.2 UMLANDO KAMUFI

Nakutlolwa umlando ngomufi, kuthonywa ngesihloko esibonakalako esinamagamakhe apheleleko, bese kutlolwa koke-ke lokhu esele sikubale ngenzasi. Ekugcineni kungaphethwa ngomutjho omfitjhani wokumlayelisa, njengokuthi: **Lala uphumule, Mgwezani, nofana IKosi ayikuphe umphumulela wafuthi** nanyana-ke ngamanye amagama anehlonipho

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa umlando kamufi:

- Isihloko esinamagama kamufi apheleleko.
- Amagama kamufi apheleleko.
- Ilanga abe lethwa ngalo.
- Ube lethwa bobani.
- Ube lethelwe kiyiphi indawo.
- Imithombo yefundo asele adlule kiyo.
Tjheja: Akungatlolwa igama lesibhedlela.
- Akuzuzako eemfundweni zakhe.

- lindawo asebenze kizo.
- linkhundla azifunyanako.
- llanga akhambe ngalo ephasini.

Tjheja: Akungatlolwa unobangela wokuhlongakala, kodwana kungavezwa khunye kwalokhu: Webiwe ngnokufa, lokha nakahlongakele ngengozi. Uhlongakele ngemva kokugula isikhathi esifitjhaninofana eside.

- Umndenakhe awutjhiyileko ephasini njengomyenakhe nofana ukosikazi, abentwana, ababelethi, iinzukulu, nabanye.

Tjheja: Akungatlolwa amabizo weenini ezitjhiyweko.

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2.3 IKULUMO EHLELEKILEKO

Umfundi nangabe utlola ikulumo ehlelekileko, kumele akhumbule bonyanaabantu abafani ngamasiko, ngeenkolelo, ngefundo, ngabakuthandako nokhunye. Kufanele umfundu acabange ukobana bazawathanda amaphuzu azowakhulum emnyanyeni lowo na?

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa ikulumo ehlelekileko:

- Ihoso yekulomo.
- linhlokwana ezilindelekileko ngaphasi kwekulomo ehlelekileko.
 - Isihloko > - Kuqakathekile ukobana sibe nokuthi ikulomo izokwenzelwaphi, ngubani, ngaliphi ilanga begodu sethule okumunyethwe yikulomo.
 - Isilotjhiso > - Kumele ococako alotjhise abakhona ngokulandelana kwabo, abakhulu nabancani, abalamanise kuhle ngokweenkhundla zabo emehlwani womphakathi.
 - Isingeniso > - Kumele sidose kodwana sibe sifitjhani senze kobana abantu baba nekareko yokulalela.
 - Ummongondaba > - Ikulomo ayitlolwe ngokucacileko, ibe nemitjho emifitjhani enemiqondo elula beyisebenzise neembonelo ezijayelekileko. Ummongondaba awube magama akihiwe kuhle kugegedwe ukubuyeleta amagama khulu ngokudluleleko ngombana kulahlekisa ihlathululo yamambala.
 - Isiphetho > - Siqakathekile begodu sisirhunyezo salokho eseletukhulunyiwe, asifake iseleta.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Ukuthokozisa umfundu ngokuthumba unongorwana.
- UKumluleka bona aziphathe kuhle.
- UKumkhuthaza bona abuthe ilwazi azoliphakela nabanye.
- UKumfisela itjhudu ekhambeni lakhe.

[30]

2.4 UMBIKO OHLELEKILEKO

Umbiko ungaba ngento umuntu ayibonileko, ayizwileko kanye nento ayenzileko. Imibiko ivama ukutlolwa eendaweni zemisebenzi. Kungaba mbiko weemali, umbiko ngomphumela womdlalo, ngeembotjhwa ezeqe ejele. Njengoba imibiko imayelana nezinto ezimihlobohlobo, ngokunjalo nendlela imibiko etlolwa ngayo iyahlukahluka.

Naka amaphuzu aqakathekileko ngombiko

- Umnqopho wombiko kudlulisa ilwazi elithileko.
- Amaphuzu kumele abe liqiniso, kungabi mibono.
- Amaphuzu kumele aphathelane nesihloko.
- Amaphuzu kumele atlolwe ngokwamaphuzu.
- Ilimi elisetjenziswako kumele likhambisane naloyo nanyana labo umbiko oqaliswe kibo.
- Ukuze umbiko uzwakale kuhle kumele utlolwe ngomuntu wesithathu okukhulunywa ngaye.
- Kumele umbiko ube nesihloko esitjhoko bona umbiko umayelana nani.
- Isihloko kumele sibe nebizo lomuntu nanyana abantu umbiko oqaliswe kibo.
- Kumele kutlolwe indlela elandelweko ekutloleni umbiko.
- Kumele kutlolwe lokho okutholakale ephenyweni.
- Kumele kube nesiphetho.
- Kumele kube neemphakamiso.
- Kumele ekugcineni umbiko utlikitlw.
- Kumele godu umbiko ube nelanga otlolwe ngalo.

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IMITLOMELO YESIGABA B: **30**

ISIGABA C: AMATHEKSTHI AMAFITJHANI WOKUTHINTANA**UMBUZO 3****3.1 IPHOSTARA**

Amaphostara mitlolo etlolelwé ukukhumbuza abantu ngalokho okuqakathekileko eempilweni zabo. Angavela abujamo obuhluwahlukene ko njengeenthombe nanyana imigwalo. Vane atlolwe abonakale ukuze umuntu awabone aseza le kude begodu kumele abe nomlayezo omfitjhani nonembako.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Abavumi abazokuthabisa abantu.
- Izinto eziyokwenziwa ngemali eyokubuthelelwa.
- Imininingwana enjengelanga, indawo, isikhathi nemali ebhadelwako.
- Linthombe ezidosa abantu.

[20]

3.2 IDAYARI

Idayari yincwajana la umuntu atlola khona izehlakalo eziphathelene nepilwakhe, izinto eziqakathekileko afisa ukuzikhumbula nokhunye. \

Nakhu okuqakathekileko nakutshwaywa idayari.

- Itlolwa ngeenkhathi ezivamileko (ingaba ngeyamalanga nanyana iimveke)
- Kumele itlolwe ngelimi lomuntu okhulumako.
- Kumele itlolwe ibe sesikhathini sanje.
- Kuyenzeka godu itlolwe ibe sesikhathini esidlulileko.
- Kanti kungenzeka begodu itlolwe ibe sesikhathini esizako.
- Kumele kutlolwe iingaba ezifitjhani.
- Kusetjenziswa ilimi elitjhaphulukileko.

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3.3 IINKOMBANDLELA

Epilweni kuyenzeka umuntu akhambele endaweni angayaziko okufuneka ukobana abuze indlela ebantwini ahlangana nabo. Umuntu olayela omunye indlela usebenzisa iinkomba zendlela. Umnqopho weenkombandlela kutjengisa umuntu othileko indlela nanyana indawo ethileko ekumele aye kiyo. Kungaba yindlela eya emzini othileko, emsebenzini, esikolweni, eposini, lapho kukhwelwa khona iimphaphamtjhini.

Nakhu okuqakathekileko nakutshwaywa iinkombandlela:

- Akuvele iindlela umuntu azozikhamba.
- Akuvele amagama weendawo umuntu azokudlula kizo.
- Akutjengiswe imilambo umuntu azokuwela kiyo, iintaba azozikhwela njalonjalo.
- Umuntu olayelwako kumele alalelisise kuhle ukuze athole lapho aya khona.
- Loyo olayela omunye asebenzise ilimi elinqophileko, elingazokulahla loyo olayelwako

[20]

IMITLOMELO YESIGAB C: 20
INANI LOKE: 100

ISIGABA A: IRUBHRIKHI YOKUTSHWAYA/YOKUHLOLA I-ESEYI YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [50 IMITLOMELO]**TJHEJA**

- Sebenzisa irubhrikhi njalo nawutshwaya isigabesi.
- Amamaksi kusukela e-0–50 ahlukaniswe ngamazinga weentlhndlili ama-5.
- Okumunyethweko, iqhinga lelimi nesitayela, lelo nalelo kghono lesitlhndlili lihlukaniswe ngezinga eliphezulu neliphasi.
- Isakhiwo asithintwa lizinga eliphezulu namkha eliphasi.

IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA I-ESEYI YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [50 AMAMAKSI]

Iqhinga	Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakalingani
OKUMUNYETHWEKO NOKUHLELA (Ukuphendula) Ukuhlela kwemiqondo yokuhlela Ukulemuka umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo. 30 AMAMAKSI	27–30 Izinga eliphezulu -Ukuphendula Okudluleleko. -Imiqondo ehlakaniphileko, evusa imiqondo netjengisa ukukhula. -Ukuhlela okudluleleko nokukhambelana nesingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho.	22–23 -Impendulo ezihleleke kuhle; ezikhambelana khulu begodu ezimnandi, kunobufakazi nokukhula okubonakalako. -Isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho okuhleleke kuhle begodu okukhambelanako.	15–17 -Ukuphendula okwanelisako. -Imiqondo ekhambelanako nekholisako. -Kunokuhlela okulingeneko nokukhambelana nesihloko, umzimba nesiphetho	9–11 -Ukuphendula okungakajami ndawonye. -Imiqondo engakacaci. -Ubufakazi obuncani bokuhlela nokukhambelana.	3–5 -Ukuphendula okuphume endleleni Khulu. -Imiqondo erarako nengakanqophi. -Imiqondo engakahleki nengakhambelaniko.
	24–26 Izinga eliphasi -Ukuphendula okudluleleko kodwana kutlhayela amatshwayo wendaba ehle ngokudluleleko. -Imiqondo ekuhuleko nenokuhlakanipa. -Isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho ezihleleke ngendlela edluleleko.	18–21 -Ukuphendula okuhlelw kuhle. -Imiqondo ekarisako nekhambelanako. -Isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho ezihleleke kuhle nezikhambelanako.	12–14 -Ukuphendula okwanelisako kodwana kunokungacaci. -Imiqondo iyakhambelana ngokulingeneko. -Kunokuhlela nokukhambelana okulingeneko kwesingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho.	6–8 -Ukuphendula okungakhambelaniko okukhulu. -Imiqondo ayikahlangani begodu ihangahlangene. -Abukho ubufakazi bokuhlela.	0–2 -Ukuphendula isihloko akukalingwa nokulingwa. -Imiqondo engakhambelaniko nengakafaneli. -Imiqondo engakanqophi.

IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA I-ESEYI YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [50 AMAMAKSI] (IRAGELA PHAMBILI)

Iqhinga		Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakalingani
ILIMI, ISITAYELA NOKU-EDITHA Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama okufanele umnqopho, ubujamo Ukukhethwa kwamagama Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi Imithetjhvana, iimphumuzi, ihlelo, isipelinghi.	Izinga eliphezulu	14–15	10–11	6–7	2–3	0
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elifanele ngokudluleleko umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo. -Ilimi lithokozisa khulu. -Ihlelo nesipelinghi esinganamphoso ezibonakalako. -Itlanywe kuhle khulu. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elifanele khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo. -Ilimi liyanemba begodu lisetjenziswe ngokufaneleko. -Ihlelo nesipelinghi asinamphoso khulu. -Itlanywe kuhle. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo. -Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi okwethula ihlathululo. -Iphimbo elifaneleko. -Amaqhingga wokubuza enzelwe ukugqamisa okumunyethweko. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elingakafaneli umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo. -Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi okusisekelo. -Iphimbo elifaneleko. -Ilwazimagama elitlhayela khulu lenza kube budisi ukuzwisisa itheksthi. 	
15 AMAMAKSI	Izinga eliphasi	12–13	8–9	4–5	0–1	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Ilimi elihle ngokudluleleko begodu linethonya. -Akunamphoso zehlelo nesipelinghi ezibonakalako. -Yakhiwe ngekghono elikhulu. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Ilimi lihle. -Iphimbo elifaneleko. -Kuneemphoso ezimbalwa zehlelo nesipelinghi. -Ibunjwe kuhle. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi okulingeneko okunokuhluka. -Iphimbo elifaneleko ngokulinganako nokusetjenziswa okutlhayelako kwamaqhingga wokubuza. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Ukusetjenziswa okungakafaneli kwelimi. -Ukungabi nomahluko Emitjhweni. -Ilwazimagama elincani ngokusisekelo. 	

ISAKHIWO		5	4	3	2	0–1
Amatshwayo wetheksth Ukwakhiwa kwasigaba nokwakhiwa komutjho		-Ukusungulwa okuqakathekileko kwendaba. -Imininingwana edluleleko. -Imitjho kanye neengaba kwakheke ngendlela edluleleko.	-Imininingwana isungulwe ngokukhambelanako. -Imitjho, iingaba kunikela umqondo.	-Imininingwana ekhambelanako iveziwe. -Imitjho, iingaba kwakhiwe kuhle. -Indaba isanikela umqondo	-Amaphuzu amanye anembako akhona. -Imitjho neengaba kuneemphoso. Indaba isazwakala.	-Amaphuzu afunekako ayatlhayela. -Imitjho neengaba kuneemphoso -Indaba ayinamqondo.
5 AMAMAKSI		40–50	30–39	20–29	10–19	0–9
IRENJI YAMAMAKSI						

ISIGABA B: AMATHEKSTHI AMADE WOKUTHINTANA**SEBENZISA IRUBHRIKHI NJALO NAWUTSHWAYA ISIGABESI****IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA AMATHEKSTHI AMADE WOKUTHINTANA WELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [30 AMAMAKSI]**

Iqhinga	Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakaneli
OKUMUNYETHWEKO, UKUHLELA NESAKHIWO Ukuphendula nemibono: Ukubuthelewa kwemibono ukuze kuhlelwe. Umnqopho, abamukelilwazi, amatshwayo/ imithetjhwana kanye nobujamo. 18 AMAMAKSI	16–18 -Ukuphendula okudluleleko, okungaphezu kwalokho okulindelweko. -Imiqondo ehlakaniphileko nekhulileko. -Ilwazi elingeneleko lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Inqophile – akunakuphuma, isihloko sisekelwe kuhle ngendlela enobukghoni begodu kunemininingwana esekela isihloko -Isakhiwo esifaneleko esinokukhambelanako okuncazana.	13–15 -Ukuphendula okuhle khulu okutjengisa ilwazi elihle lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Akunakudzimelela nokukhambelana okulingeneko kokumunyethweko nemiqondo. -Eminye imininingwana isekela isihloko ikhona. -Isakhiwo esifaneleko ngokulingeneko, kodwana kunokungakhambelani.	9–12 -Ukuphendula okulingeneko okutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Kunokunkopho okukhona kodwana okunengi kuphambene. -Imininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko ikhona.	6–8 -Ukuphendula ngokusisekelo begodu kutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Kunokunkopho okukhona kodwana okunengi kuphambene. -Imininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko ikhona. -Usebenzise imithetho eqakathekileko ngendlela embi. -Kunobutjhapha obubonakalako.	0–5 -Ukuphendula kutjengisa ukungabikho kwelwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Akunakukhambelana kwemiqondo. -Kunemininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko. -Akakasebenzisi imithetho efunekako namkha isakhiwo.
ILIMI,ISITAYELA KANYE NOKU-EDITHA Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, kufanele umnqopho/umphumela/ abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi kanye nemithetjhwana.	10–12 -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Kuyanemba ngokwehlelo begodu kwakhiwe kuhle.	8–9 -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo.	6–7 -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Zikhona iimphoso Zehlelo.	4–5 -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele kancani umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Ihlelo elingakafaneli	0–3 -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama akukhambelani nomnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo.

Ukukhethwa kwamagama. Ukusetjenziswa kwamatshwayo kanye nesipelinghi.	-Akunamphoso.	-Ihlelo linemba ngokwekghono elithileko begodu lakhiwe kuhle. -Ilwazimagama elihle khulu . -Akunamphoso.	-Ilwazimagama elifaneleko. -limphoso azilimazi ihlathululo.	elinemphoso ezimbawha. -Ilwazimagama elithayelako. -Ihlathululo ivimbekile.	-Kuzele iimphoso begodu akuzwisisakali. -Ilwazimagama alikawufaneli umnqopho. -Ihlathululo ayizwakali kwamambala.
12 AMAMAKSI	24-30	18-23	14-17	6-13	0-5
IRENJI YAMAMAKSI					

ISIGABA C: AMATHEKSTHI AMAFITJHANI WOKUTHINTANA**SEBENZISA IRUBHRIKHI NJALO NAWUTSHWAYA ISIGABESI****IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA AMATHEKSTHI AMAFITJHANI WOKUTHINTANA WELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA
[20 AMAMAKSI]**

Iqhinga	Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakaneli
OKUMUNYETHWEKO, UKUHLELA NESAKHIWO	9–12	7–8	5–6	3–4	0–2
Ukuphendula kanye nomqondo: Ukuhlela kwemiqondo; amatshwayo/imithetjhwana kanye nobujamo. 12 AMAMAKSI	-Ukuphendula okudluleleko, okungaphezu kwalokho okulindelweko. -Imiqondo ehlakaniphileko nekhulileko. -Ilwazi elingeneleko lamatshwayo wetheksti. -Umtlolo unqophile. -Kunokukhambelana kokumunyethweko nomqondo. -Kuhlathululwe kuhle begodu yoke imininingwana isekela isihloko. -Isakhiwo esifaneleko nesinembako.	-Ukuphendula okuhle khulu okutjengisa ilwazi elihle lamatshwayo wetheksthi. Inqophile – akunakuphuma, isihloko sisekelwe kuhle ngendlela enobukghoni begodu kunemininingwana esekela isihloko. -Isakhiwo esifaneleko esinokukhambelana okuncazana.	-Ukuphendula okulingeneko okutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Akunakudzimelela nokukhambelana okulingeneko kokumunyethweko nemiqondo. -Eminye imininingwana esekela isihloko ikhona. -Isakhiwo esifanele ngokulingeneko, kodwana kunokungakhambelani.	-Ukuphendula ngokusisekelo begodu kutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Kunokunqopho okukhona kodwana okunengi kuphambene. -Imininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko ikhona. -Usebenzise imithetho eqakathekileko ngendlela embi. -Kunobutjhapha obubonakalako.	-Ukuphendula kutjengisa ukungabikho kwelwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Akunakukhambelana kwemiqondo. -Kunemininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko. -Akakasebenzisi imithetho edingekako namkha isakhiwo.
ILIMI, ISITAYELA NOKU- EDITHA	7–8	5–6	4	3	0–2
Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Kuyanemba ngokwehlelo begodu	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo.	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo.	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Zikhona iimphoso	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele kancani umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo.	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama akukhambelani nomnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo.

nemithetjhwana; Ukukhethwa kwamagama; Ukusetjenziswa kwamatshwayo nesipelinghi 8 AMAMAKSI	kwakhiwe kuhle. -Akunamphoso.	-Ihlelo linemba ngokwekghono elithileko begodu lakhiwe kuhle. -Ilwazimagama elihle khulu. -Akunamphoso.	zehlelo. -Ilwazimagama elifaneleko. -limphoso azilimazi ihlathululo.	-Ihlelo elingakafaneli elinemphoso ezimbawha. -Ilwazimagama elithayelako. -Ihlathululo ivimbekile.	-Kuzele iimphoso begodu akuzwisisakali. -Ilwazimagama alikawufaneli umngopho. -Ihlathululo ayizwakali kwamambala.
IRENJI YAMAMAKSI	16–20	13–15	9–12	6–8	0–5

AMATSHWAYO OKUMELE ASETJENZISWE BOTITJHERE NABATSHWAYAKO**IGREYIDI 10-12**

Itshwayo	Ihlathululo	Itshwayo elikhambelanako ethekstini	Isibonelo setshwayo elisetjenzisiweko	Lapha kulungiswe khona
?	Faka itshwayo likanobuza	↑	?	
!	Faka itshwayo lokubabaza	↑	!	
/-	Faka u-dwi/ihayifeni	↑	/-	
o/	Susa bese uyalivila(igama)	/	Kwa Mhlanga	KwaMhlanga
#	Hlukanisa amagama	#	...ebesakhelene nabo	...ebe sakhelene nabo
g	Susa(Tlola phezu kweledere/kwegama eliuswako)	Susa igameli	Umma ukhamba <u>uyakhamba</u> ngekoloyi	Umma ukhamba ngekoloyi
stet	Tjhiya njengombana kunjalo/Lisa(umtlolo)njengombana unjalongaphasi kwamaledere/igama olisule ngephoso	Ubaba ukhamba nomma	Ubaba <u>ukhamba</u> nomma

Gabh	Tlola igabhadlhela	=.....ngaphasi kweledere lelo/igama elifuze litlolwe ngegabhadlhela	<u>U</u> nomzana Mahlangu	uNomzana Mahlangu
L.nc	Tlola ngeledere elincani	=...ngaphasi kweledere lelo/igama elifuze litlolwe ngamagama amancani	...ngi <u>Z</u> okukhamba	...ngizokukhamba
()	Vala bese ususa isikhala hlangana namaledere	Hlanganisa amaledere	Emthola <u>C</u> pilo	Emtholapilo
s.e	Thoma isigaba esitjha	Isib: sele kumele athome isigaba esilandelako.	...kwabo. <u>A</u> besana...	..kwabo. Abesana.....
h	Faka iledere/igama elitjengwise emajinini		Umma uyak <u>h</u> uphula <u>h</u> g	Umma uyakghuphula
o h	Faka ungci	o h	Abesana bebagula	Abesana bebagula.
o ; h	Faka ikhoma	o ; h	Ubaba uthenge iimbuzi iinkomo nezinja.	Ubaba uthenge iinkomo, iimbuzi nezinja.

sp	Thalela igama elingatloeki kuhle bese utlola sp ngaphezulu	sp	...ngitluwile	... <u>ngitluwile</u>
sv	Thalela igama elinesivumelwano esingakafaneli besi utlola sv ngaphezulu	sv	Ikomo <u>zakhe</u>	Ikomo <u>yakhe</u>
ibu	Thalela okubuyeletweko bese utlola ibu ngaphezulu	ibu		
mhl	Thalela umutjho ongakahleleki kuhle bese utlola mhl ngaphezulu	mhl		
hl	Thalela isihlanganiso esingakasetjenziswa kuhle bese utlola hl ngaphezulu	hl		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Igama elingakaqunteki kuhle		<u>tu</u>	Umu <u>E</u>
	Umqondo oquntiweko endimeni			
I	Thalela ilimi elingamukelekiko bese utlola I ngaphezulu	I		