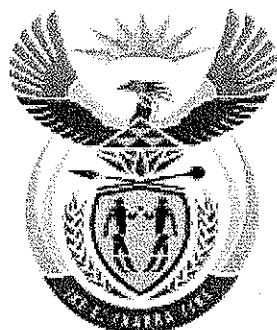


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higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE (VOCATIONAL)

**ENGLISH FIRST ADDITIONAL LANGUAGE
(First Paper)
NQF LEVEL 3**

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

(4101113)

**12 March 2015 (X-Paper)
09:00–11:30**

This question paper consists of 16 pages and a glossary of 1 page.

TIME: 2½ HOURS
MARKS: 150

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. Answer ALL the questions.
 2. This question paper consists of FIVE sections.

SECTION A:	COMPREHENSION
SECTION B:	SUMMARY
SECTION C:	VIEWING
SECTION D:	LANGUAGE IN PRACTICE
SECTION E:	COMMUNICATION IN PRACTICE
 3. Read ALL the questions carefully.
 4. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
 5. Start each section on a NEW page.
 6. Plan your time carefully.
 7. Write neatly and legibly.
-

10 For anything important to happen, an idea needs to be transferred from one person to many. Public speaking is one way to convey your idea and make a difference. 90% of people will avoid giving a speech. By speaking to a crowd, you are positioning yourself as an expert in your field and you have a great opportunity to share your knowledge.

11 One of the best ways to learn is to teach and public speaking is exactly that ... an opportunity to teach. The preparation that goes into a speech and the fact that you have to work out how to communicate effectively makes you understand your content better.

12 As I said, 90% of people avoid speaking up in a given situation ... and even more, avoid public speaking. By having the confidence and ability to speak in public you can differentiate yourself in the workforce. This could put you in line for the next promotion or keep your head off the chopping block.

13 By standing up in front of people and delivering a talk, you can attract like-minded people around you. Seth Godin calls this a tribe. I think it is a great concept.

14 You have come to this website because of words, videos and podcasts. Hopefully you will stay and become a part of the tribe. By giving speeches, you can build your own supporters.

15 Public speaking is extremely important for leadership. People follow inspirational leaders who communicate their ideas effectively. If you can't communicate with your tribe you can't be a leader.

16 I hope this passage has answered your question as to why public speaking is important. Please go to <http://www.publicspeakingman.com/free> to get a free crash course in becoming a better speaker.

[Adapted from the podcast published by Ryan on 6 July 2013]

Various options are given as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question number (1.1.1–1.1.3) in the ANSWER BOOK.

1.1 1.1.1 Which ONE of the following statements best describes what the passage above is about?

- A To tell you a few interesting things about public speaking.
- B To tell you public speaking will make you confident.
- C To inform you of the negative and positive effects that a great speech can have on nations.
- D To share the many good reasons why public speaking is of the utmost importance. (1)

1.1.2 This article was found ...

- A in the newspaper.
- B in a book.
- C on a website.
- D none of the above-mentioned (1)

- 1.12 Write out the abbreviation www used in websites in words. (1)
- 1.13 Briefly explain what is meant by 'keep your head off the chopping block'. (par. 12) (2)
- 1.14 Give ONE attribute of the person who would be responsive to this text. (1 × 2) (2)
- 1.15 1.15.1 Where can you go to get a free crash course on becoming a better speaker? (1)
- 1.15.2 What do you understand by a *crash course*? (2)
- 1.16 Choose a description from COLUMN B that matches a word in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–E) next to the question number (1.16.1–1.16.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
1.16.1	Materialistic	A	a person who has comprehensive skill in a particular area
1.16.2	Generate	B	a person qualified in a profession
1.16.3	Expert	C	to bring into being
1.16.4	Lawyer	D	excessively concerned with physical comforts
1.16.5	Generation	E	a group of people born and living during the same time

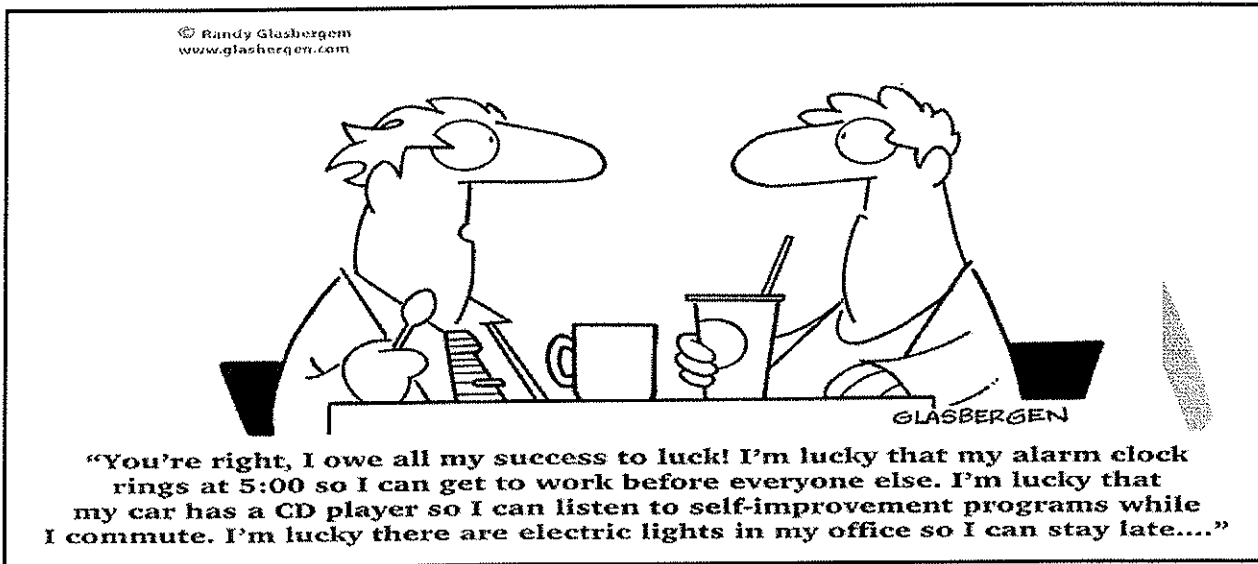
(5)
[40]

TOTAL SECTION A: 40

SECTION C (VIEWING)

QUESTION 3: CARTOONS

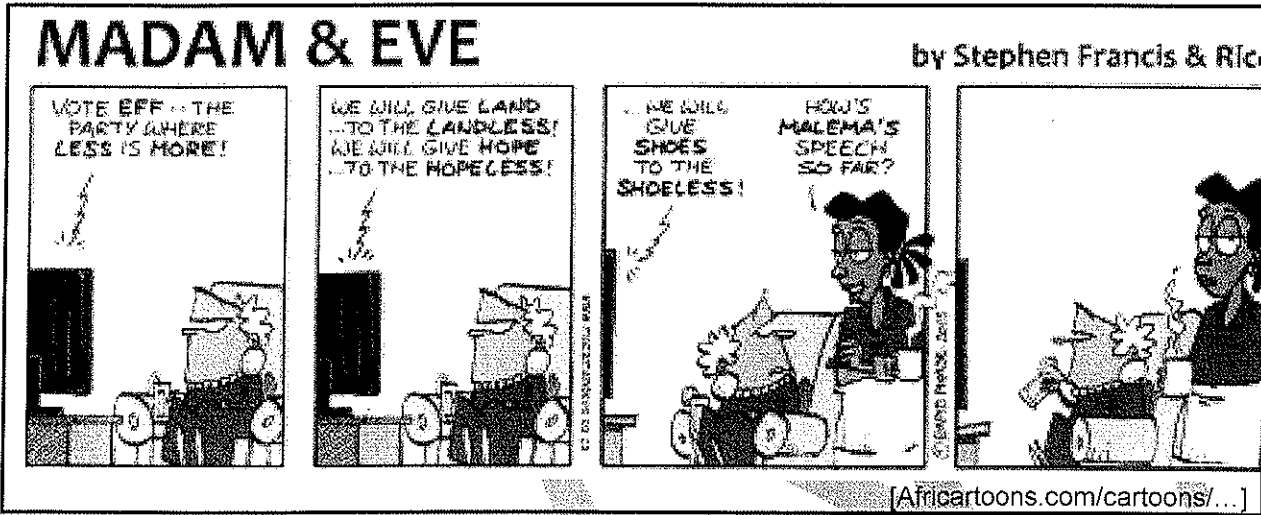
Study the following cartoon and answer the questions.



- 3.1 3.1.1 Briefly state ONE physical characteristic of the speaker in the above cartoon. (1)
- 3.1.2 Give a reason for your answer in QUESTION 3.1.1. (2)
- 3.2 Various options are given as possible answers to the following question. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question number (3.2) in the ANSWER BOOK.
- When the speaker says, 'You're right ...'.
- A He is being sincere.
- B He shows that he had never thought of it that way.
- C He is being sarcastic because he doesn't think luck made him successful.
- D He realises that he is indeed lucky. (1)
- 3.3 3.3.1 Judging from the image, which of the characters would you say is more successful? (1)
- 3.3.2 Motivate your answer in QUESTION 3.3.1. (2)
- 3.4 Name THREE things the speaker does to ensure his success. (3)

QUESTION 5: COMIC STRIP

Study the following comic strip and answer the questions.



5.1 What is the party's motto? (2)

5.2 Complete the following sentence by using the word in the list below. Write only the word next to the question number (5.2) in the ANSWER BOOK.

The syllable 'less' in the words: landless, hopeless, and shoeless is an example of a ... (1)

prefix; adjective; diminutive; suffix

5.3 The lady who is standing is called Eve. What is she doing that shows she is NOT busy or working very hard at that particular time? (2) [5]

TOTAL SECTION C: 30

QUESTION 7

Read the following passage and answer the questions.

BEAT THE BLUES

Let nature nurture your soul.

Few people would argue that being outdoors in a beautiful setting delivers a feel-good shot of something or other. But now there is real evidence to show that connecting with the natural world can actually counter the blues.

THE EVIDENCE:

Researchers at the University of Essex found that a staggering 88% of people experienced an improvement in their mood after only a few minutes of walking outdoors in a park or by the sea (compared with walking in a shopping centre).

'Being in nature dampens down spikes in the stress hormone which contributes to depression,' said Jules Pretty

[Adapted from *Woman and Home*, July 2013]

- 7.1 7.1.1 Various options are given as possible answers to the following question. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question number (7.1.1) in the ANSWER BOOK.
- What figure of speech is 'Beat the Blues' an example of?
- A Simile. (1)
 B Pun.
 C Alliteration.
 D Assonance. (1)
- 7.1.2 Give a reason for your answer in QUESTION 7.1.1. (2)
- 7.1.3 Quote TWO words as another example of this figure of speech in the passage. (2)
- 7.2 What is the function of the colon after the word 'EVIDENCE'? (2)
- 7.3 Change the following sentence into reported speech. Start with:
 Jules Pretty said ...
- 'Being in nature dampens down spikes in the stress hormone which contributes to depression,' said Jules Pretty. (3)
- 7.4 Join the following sentences by using the conjunction given in brackets.
- 7.4.1 'Green exercise' is anything you do within nature. It can be as simple as walking through fields or along a beautiful avenue. (Which) (2)
- 7.4.2 She looked out of a window to a natural view. Her mood improved. (After) (2)

SECTION E (COMMUNICATION IN PRACTICE)

QUESTION 9: INTERVIEWS

Read the following interview and answer the questions.

Miss Skosana, a candidate for the carpentry job, arrives at 07:50 for her 08:00 interview. She is dressed in a navy suit and has a neat haircut. She announces her arrival and waits for the receptionist to offer her a seat. Five minutes later, the receptionist leads the way to the boardroom, where the interview will be conducted.

Interviewer: Good morning. Please have a seat. Tell me a bit about yourself.

Miss Skosana: Well, with regard to work... I take myself very seriously and I do not allow anybody to get me down.

Interviewer: Where did you obtain your carpentry qualifications?

Miss Skosana: I obtained them at an FET College.

Interviewer: If anybody had to underestimate you in your profession on the basis that you are female, how would you deal with this?

Miss Skosana: Well, as I said, I don't allow anybody to get me down. I was one of the top students in my class and I am physically strong because of my exercise programme.

Interviewer: So being top in your class is more valuable than real-life experience, is it not?

[Miss Skosana's phone rings and she is distracted before she answers. She switches off her phone and struggles to respond to the question. She then fails to make eye contact.]

Miss Skosana: Sorry... Please repeat the question.

9.1 Mention TWO good interview behaviours. (2 × 2) (4)

9.2 Various options are given as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question number (9.2.1–9.2.3) in the ANSWER BOOK.

What type of questions are the following?

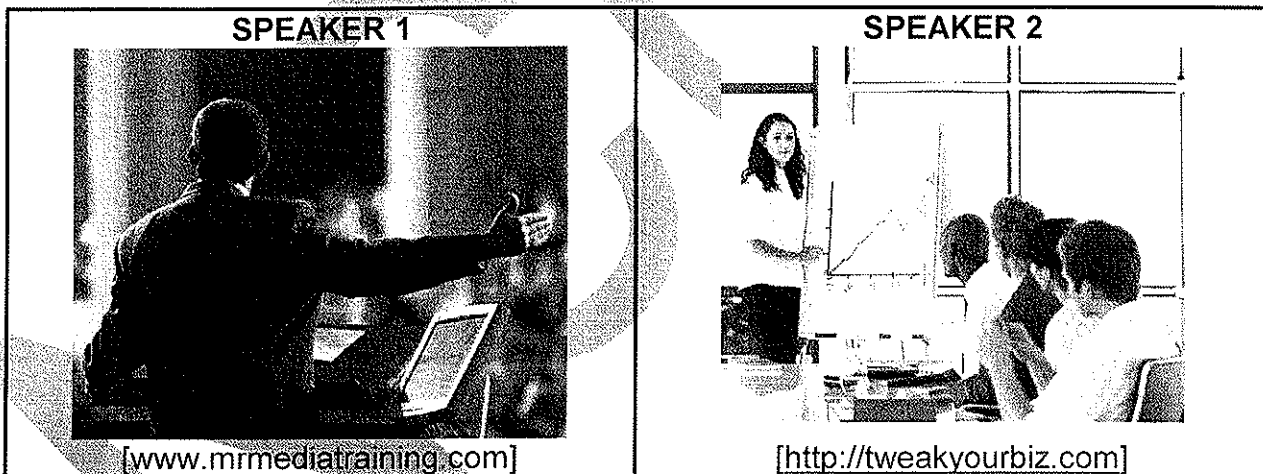
- A Closed question
- B Leading question
- C Open question
- D Hypothetical question

QUESTION 11

11.1 Choose a description from COLUMN B that matches a word in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–E) next to the question number (11.1.1–11.1.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
11.1.1	Tone	A	emphasis of important words or statements
11.1.2	Tempo	B	something the presenter uses to supplement the spoken message to the audience
11.1.3	Projection	C	to cause the voice to be heard from a distance
11.1.4	Stress	D	the speed/rate at which you speak
11.1.5	Visual aid	E	emotion reflected in the voice

(5)



11.2 Study the images of the TWO speakers above. Comment on what they have in common in terms of their:

11.2.1 Dress code

11.2.2 Body language

(2 × 1) (2)

11.3 Which speaker would need a microphone? (1)

11.4 When delivering a presentation, there are certain 'dos and don'ts' that the speaker should consider at all times when using a visual aid. Look at the image of speaker 2 and mention ONE correct use of the visual aid (2)

[10]

TOTAL SECTION E: 30
GRAND TOTAL: 150

GLOSSARY: MARCH 2015

- commute v. to regularly travel a long distance to work
- analogue n. the opposite of digital where physical quantities like voltage, weight, length etc., are used to represent numbers (computer jargon)
- hormone n. a substance, usually a peptide or steroid, produced by one tissue and conveyed by the bloodstream to another to effect physiological activity, such as growth or metabolism
- spike n. a sharp increase
- podcast n. a digital medium consisting of an episodic series of audio, video or PDF files.

