

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

SEPTEMBER 2022

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES P2

MARKS: 150

TIME: 2½ hours

This question paper consists of 12 pages.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. This question paper consists of TWO sections, namely SECTION A and SECTION B.
- 2. Answer ALL the questions in the ANSWER BOOK.
- 3. Start each question on a NEW page.
- 4. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 5. You may use a non-programmable calculator.
- 6. Show ALL calculations, including formulae, where applicable.
- 7. Write neatly and legibly.

SECTION A

QUESTION 1

- 1.1 Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the correct answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question numbers (1.1.1 to 1.1.10) in the ANSWER BOOK, for example 1.1.11 D.
 - 1.1.1 ... is a marketing approach that has the greatest reach.
 - A Fresh produce markets
 - B Farm gate marketing
 - C Internet marketing
 - D Stock sales
 - 1.1.2 ... price fixing occurs in a market that has many sellers, but only one buyer.
 - A Monopsony
 - B Monopoly
 - C Oligopoly
 - D Co-operative
 - 1.1.3 The following are principles of agricultural co-operatives:
 - (i) Pooling of produce for marketing
 - (ii) Risk is shared by all members
 - (iii) An Agri-co-op has members as shareholders, not owners
 - (iv) Democratic member control

Choose the CORRECT combination:

- A (i), (ii) and (iii)
- B (i), (iii) and (iv)
- C (i), (ii) and (iv)
- D (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- 1.1.4 The following are internal forces affecting a farm business.
 - (i) Competence of management
 - (ii) Political forces
 - (iii) Latest equipment
 - (iv) Cash flow

Choose the CORRECT combination:

- A (i), (ii) and (iii)
- B (i), (iii) and (iv)
- C (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- D (i), (ii) and (iv)

		AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES P2	(EC/SEPTEMBER 2022)
1.1.5		budget will be ideal to estimate the profitability duction on a farm.	of tomato
	A B C D	cash flow partial enterprise whole farm	
1.1.6		s the management principle which involves evaluating a sare achieved, improving performance and taking a	•
	A B C D	Organising Planning Controlling Leading	
1.1.7	A lis	st of all assets on a farm is called a(n)	
	A B C D	balance sheet. inventory. cash analysis book. budget.	
1.1.8	is	s NOT an example of outbreeding.	
	A B C D	Species crossing Line breeding Upgrading Cross breeding	
1.1.9	trait	o parents are heterozygous for a genetically inherited , the probability that they will have an offspring togeth trait in its phenotype will be …	
	A B C D	25%. 50%. 75%. 100%.	
1.1.10	cros	entists have found out that when a true breeding resed with a true breeding blue plant, the resulting of ole. The most likely explanation for this result is	-
	A B	red is the dominant allele. blue is the dominant allele.	

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(10 x 2) (20)

С

D

codominance.

incomplete dominance.

1.2 Choose a term/phrase from COLUMN B that matches a description in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–H) next to question numbers (1.2.1 to 1.2.5) in the ANSWER BOOK, for example 1.2.6 I.

	COLUMN A		COLUMN B
1.2.1	The sequence of stages involved in transferring produce from the farm to the consumer	Α	Market equilibrium
1.2.2	The price at which the supply of goods is equal to demand	В	Recessive
1.2.3	Skills that allow a manager to reflect on changes in the industry and develop strategies to address them	С	Conceptual
1.2.4	Alleles that are only expressed when they are homozygous	D	Marketing chain
1.2.5	Recurrence of traits of an ancestor in subsequent generations	Е	Dominant
		F	Atavism
		G	Equilibrium price
		Н	Planning

 $(5 \times 2) (10)$

- 1.3 Give ONE word/term for each of the following descriptions. Write ONLY the term next to the question numbers (1.3.1 to 1.3.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.
 - 1.3.1 Mental and physical efforts performed in expectation of remuneration
 - 1.3.2 The activity of setting up a business and taking on financial risks in the hope of profit
 - 1.3.3 A marketing approach that focuses on a unique target market
 - 1.3.4 A physical or chemical agent that permanently changes genetic material
 - 1.3.5 The unusual ability of an individual to transmit its characteristics to offspring

 $(5 \times 2) (10)$

- 6
- 1.4 Change the UNDERLINED WORD(S) in each of the following statements to make them TRUE. Write only the answer next to the question numbers (1.4.1 to 1.4.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.
 - 1.4.1 <u>Selling</u> is a consumer driven approach in which consumer satisfaction is important.
 - 1.4.2 <u>Variable</u> costs are general farm costs that cannot be attributed to a particular enterprise.
 - 1.4.3 <u>Assets</u> refer to money and items with monetary value that can be used to produce other goods and generate profit.
 - 1.4.4 The <u>mission</u> is the long-term aim of your business.
 - 1.4.5 <u>Sex linkage</u> is the inheritance pattern of a characteristic controlled by two or more genes.

 (5×1) (5)

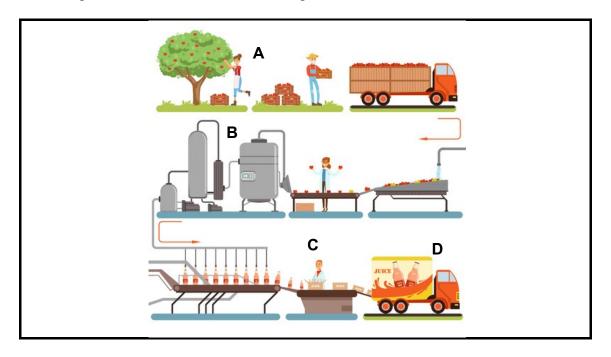
TOTAL SECTION A: 45

SECTION B

QUESTION 2: AGRICULTURAL MANAGEMENT AND MARKETING

Start this question on a NEW page.

2.1 The diagram below illustrates marketing functions.



- 2.1.1 Identify the marketing functions **B** and **C** illustrated above. (2)
- 2.1.2 Outline TWO roles of the marketing function **B** in the South African economy. (2)
- 2.1.3 Describe TWO environmentally sustainable guidelines followed when carrying out the marketing function **C**. (2)
- 2.1.4 Compare the value of the product at points **A** and **D** in the diagram above. (2)
- 2.2 The table below shows the supply of two products at different prices.

PROD	UCT 1	PRODUCT 2		
PRICE (R)	SUPPLY	PRICE (R)	SUPPLY	
10	5	10	5	
20	15	20	10	
30	25	30	15	
40	35	40	20	
50	45	50	25	
60	55	60	30	
70	65	70	35	

State TWO advantages of marketing system **A** to the consumer.

When entrepreneurs want to start businesses, they need to draft a written document that describes in detail how a business defines its objectives and

Outline TWO options available to farmers to market their produce

Outline TWO common mistakes made when drafting the document in

List THREE personal attributes that the entrepreneur above needs to

(2)

(2)

(1)

(2)

(2)

(3) **[35]**

2.3.3

2.3.4

2.4.1

2.4.2

2.4.3

2.4.4

2.4

under marketing system B.

Name the document described above.

Give TWO reasons why it is important.

possess for the business to be successful.

how it can achieve them.

QUESTION 2.4.1.

(2)

3.2.5

retain labour.

QUESTION 3: PRODUCTION FACTORS

Start this question on a NEW page.

3.1	The following are some economic characteristics of land.			
	A – U	rbanis		
	3.1.1		efly explain each of the economic characteristics of land above.	(4)
	3.1.2	Stat	te TWO economic functions of land.	(2)
	3.1.3	_	gest a method farmers can use to improve the productivity of land er each of the following circumstances:	
		(a)	An area with erratic rainfall	(1)
		(b)	Heavily eroded soil	(1)
3.2	A citru	s farn	ner employs the following groups of employees:	
	ge B Ei de	enera mploy eterm	rees who are responsible for irrigation, pest control, pruning and I maintenance of orchards. Rees who are only employed during the harvesting season as ined by the ripening speed of the oranges. Red to extend the fruit packing shed.	
	3.2.1	Clas	ssify the labour types above based on period of employment.	(3)
	3.2.2		ne the document that is signed between the employees above their employer.	(1)
	3.2.3		e TWO reasons to justify the use of the document mentioned in ESTION 3.2.2.	(2)
	3.2.4		luce a piece of legislation that will be applicable under each of following conditions.	
		(a)	Farm worker A is retrenched as a result of low sales caused by the Covid-19 pandemic.	(1)
		(b)	The farm owner contributes to the skills development fund.	(1)
		(c)	One of the farm workers in category A contracted a disease due to spraying pesticides without a face mask.	(1)

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Suggest TWO strategies that can be used by the farmer above to

3.4

3.5

3.5.2

(1) **[35]**

3.3 The table below shows an important financial record in farm business management.

ASSETS	AMOUNT (R)	LIABILITIES	AMOUNT (R)
Breeding stock	100 000	Accrued interest	285 000
		Principal due on farm	
Machinery and equipment	80 000	debt	300 000
Vehicles	600 000		
Farmland	1 200 000		
Buildings and improvements	150 000		
TOTAL			

IUIAL				
3.3.1	Identify the financial r	ecord shown	above.	(
3.3.2	Identify ONE example	e of each of th	e following:	
	(a) Fixed capital			(
	(b) Movable capital			(
3.3.3	Specify the type of cr in QUESTION 3.3.2.	edit required	to finance each of the ca	apital types (ź
3.3.4	Use a formula to calc	ulate the net v	vorth of the business ab	ove. (4
3.3.5	Comment on the viab	ility of the bus	iness.	(2
Identify	the risk management	strategy desc	ribed in the statements l	pelow.
3.4.1	Two or more crops arone crop.	re produced o	n a farm to reduce depe	endence on
3.4.2	The ability to chang received.	e plans over	time as additional info	ormation is
3.4.3	The cost and consequent stakeholders.	uences of risk	are shared amongst se	veral (
Identify situatio		anagement r	equired in each of the	e following
3.5.1	The process of thinki desired goal.	ng regarding	the activities required to	achieve a

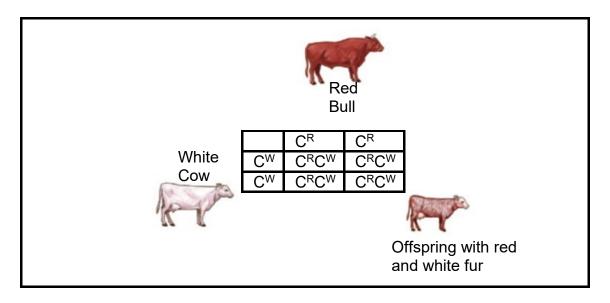
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Putting a decision or plan into effect.

QUESTION 4: BASIC AGRICULTURAL GENETICS

Start this question on a NEW page.

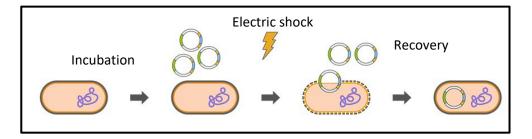
4.1 The diagram below shows the outcome of a genetic cross. Analyse and answer the questions that follow.



- 4.1.1 Identify the mechanism of inheritance depicted in the diagram above. (1)
- 4.1.2 Motivate the answer to QUESTION 4.1.1. (2)
- 4.1.3 Use a punnet square to determine the genotype of the F_2 -generation. (4)
- 4.1.4 Deduce the F₂ phenotypic ratio. (1)
- 4.1.5 Give any TWO other patterns of inheritance that lead to phenotypes that are different to those of Mendel. (2)
- 4.2 Agricultural genetic diversity is critical to provide a robust food security system capable of adapting to pest and environmental stressors. Genetic diversity allows agricultural plant and animal breeders to adapt to changing variables.
 - 4.2.1 Define the term *variation*. (2)
 - 4.2.2 Identify ONE advantage of variation from the passage above. (1)
 - 4.2.3 Give TWO external causes of variation in plants. (2)

- 4.3 Wild plant **A** population evolve to cope with changes in their environment.

 Humans identify **B** desirable traits in plants and animals and take steps to enhance them.
 - 4.3.1 Identify the selection types **A** and **B**. (2)
 - 4.3.2 Give TWO methods of selection type **B**. (2)
 - 4.3.3 Specify TWO requirements for characteristics used in selection type **B**. (2)
- 4.4 Identify the breeding method that is associated with each of the following characteristics:
 - 4.4.1 Heterosis (1)
 - 4.4.2 Slow improvement after the third generation (1)
 - 4.4.3 Expression of lethal alleles (1)
 - 4.4.4 Results in sterile offspring (1)
- 4.5 The diagrams below show a technique used to genetically modify plants.



- 4.5.1 Identify the genetic modification technique shown above. (1)
- 4.5.2 Briefly describe how you arrived at your answer. (2)
- 4.5.3 Comment on the suitability of plant improvement methods such as the one above for use in African countries. (2)
- 4.5.4 Describe TWO aims of such methods. (2)
- 4.5.5 Classify the potential risks associated with the plant improvement methods like the one depicted above into THREE. (3)
 [35]

TOTAL SECTION B: 105 GRAND TOTAL: 150